The ISRCC document

This confidential document was discovered by the United Nations Special Rapporteur in his trip to Iran in 1991. It outlines the official policy toward the Bahá'ís in Iran aiming to block their progress and development. The document specifies, in three subsections over 13 operating paragraphs, the general policy toward Bahá'ís including their cultural and social status in the Islamic regime. The document goes so far as to order uprooting the cultural origins of the Bahá'ís out of the country.







بحسربائه

غیبر در مجمعالا ملام جناب ا نابی د میدی گاردگاری زیاعت محترم د فترمنام معلم رهبری

منا و هليك و دولت برناه نماره (۱۳۱۶ مر مرو ۱۱ و ۱۱ و داتر به ايان آوام منا و منا و داتر به ايان آوام منا و منا و

مع بندی تنابع مذاکرات ویشنهادات معم

الف : تجاريًا وُ كُلَّى بَهَا لِبَالَ وَرِينًا وِ سَلَكُتُنَّ

استیدون جنهت آنان ازملک آخراج کشرانیاند ۱- دردلشل آنان و مشکل مؤندان و با میتازات نعوفوند ۲- برخود مشاو با آنان بالیه طور دافشک را دگرفی بادرمیه آنان نسدود

ر: مبايلاً و لوطنگي

۱ – فرمه آوی، پختا بچه اظهار نگرونه بها کمیاند کُیت تا پاخونه ۱ – مثل العاد در خودندارس که کامرفزن و شفط پرسانتر، مفیدین و ارتد البان نا به شوند

In the Name of God

Number:

1327/....

Date: 6/12/69

Logo of The Supreme

Islamic Republic of Iran

[25 February

RevolutionaryCultural Council

The Supreme Revolutionary

1991]

Cultural Council

Enclosure:

None

CONFIDENTIAL

Dr. Seyyed Mohammad Golpaygani Head of the Office of the Esteemed Leader [Khamenei]

Greetings!

After greetings, with reference to the letter #1/783 dated 10/10/69 [31 December 1990], concerning the instructions of the Esteemed Leader which had been conveyed to the Respected President regarding the Bahá'í question, we inform you that, since the respected President and the Head of the Supreme Revolutionary Cultural Council had referred this question to this Council for consideration and study, it was placed on the Council's agenda of session #128 on 16/11/69 [5 February 1991] and session #129 of 20/11/69 [9 February 1991]. In addition to the above, and further to the [results of the] discussions held in this regard in session #112 of 10/5/66 [1 August 1987] presided over by the Esteemed Leader (head and member of the Supreme Council), the recent views and directives given by the Esteemed Leader regarding the Bahá'í question were conveyed to the Supreme Council. In consideration of the contents of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Iran, as well as the religious and civil laws and general policies of the country, these matters were carefully studied and decisions pronounced.

In arriving at the decisions and proposing reasonable ways to counter the above question, due consideration was given to the wishes of the Esteemed Leadership of the Islamic Republic of Iran [Khamenei], namely, that "in this regard a specific policy should be devised in such a way that everyone will understand what should or should not be done." Consequently, the following proposals and recommendations resulted from these discussions.

The respected President of the Islamic Republic of Iran, as well as the Head of the Supreme Revolutionary Cultural Council, while approving these recommendations, instructed us to convey them to the Esteemed Leader [Khamenei] so that appropriate action may be taken according to his guidance.

SUMMARY OF THE RESULTS OF THE DISCUSSIONS AND RECOMMENDATION

A. General status of the Bahá'ís within the country's system

- 1. They will not be expelled from the country without reason.
- 2. They will not be arrested, imprisoned, or penalized without reason.
- 3. The government's dealings with them must be in such a way that their progress and development are blocked.

B. Educational and cultural status

- 1. They can be enrolled in schools provided they have not identified themselves as Bahá'ís.
- 2. Preferably, they should be enrolled in schools which have a strong and imposing religious ideology.
- 3. They must be expelled from universities, either in the admission process or during the course of their studies, once it becomes known that they are Bahá'ís.
- 4. Their political (espionage) activities must be dealt with according to appropriate government laws and policies, and their religious and propaganda activities should be answered by giving them religious and cultural responses, as well as propaganda.
- 5. Propaganda institutions (such as the Islamic Propaganda Organization) must establish an independent section to counter the propaganda and religious activities of the Bahá'ís.
- 6. A plan must be devised to confront and destroy their cultural roots outside the country.

C. Legal and social status

- 1. Permit them a modest livelihood as is available to the general population.
- 2. To the extent that it does not encourage them to be Bahá'ís, it is permissible to provide them the means for ordinary living in accordance with the general rights given to every Iranian citizen, such as ration booklets, passports, burial certificates, work permits, etc.
- 3. Deny them employment if they identify themselves as Bahá'ís.
- 4. Deny them any position of influence, such as in the educational sector, etc.

Wishing you divine confirmations,

Secretary of the Supreme Revolutionary

Cultural Council

Dr. Seyyed Mohammad Golpaygani

[Signature]

[Note in the handwriting of Mr. Khamenei]

In the Name of God!

The decision of the Supreme Revolutionary Cultural Council seems sufficient. I thankyou gentlemen for your attention and efforts.

[signed:]

Ali Khamenei